Handwriting Recognization

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Abstract: Handwriting recognition has been an active and challenging area of research. Handwriting recognition system plays a very important role in today's world. Handwriting recognition is very popular and computationally expensive work. At present time it is very difficult to find correct meaning of hand written documents. There are many areas where we need to recognize the words, alphabets and digit. There are many application postal addresses, bank cheque where we need to recognize handwriting. This review paper will focus on different technique which is used on handwriting recognition. There are many approaches are present for offline handwriting recognition system online and offline handwriting recognition system. So handwriting recognition system. So handwriting recognition system can be used to solve many complex problems and can make human's work easy. So this paper is an overview of different approaches of handwriting recognition system with their limitations and accuracy rate.

I. Introduction

Handwriting recognition is an ability and technique of the system which receive the input from touch screen, electronic pen, scanner, images and paper documents. Offline handwriting recognition system is an art of identifying the word from images. As we know every person has their different writing style, so it is very difficult to recognize the correct handwritten characters and digits. Handwriting recognition system is developed to achieve the accuracy and reliable performance. So handwriting recognition is most challenging area if image and pattern recognition. Handwriting recognition is very useful in real world. There are many practical problems where handwriting recognition system is very useful like documentation analysis, mailing address interpretation, bank check processing, signature verification, postal addresses. Several approaches have been used in both online and offline handwriting recognition system identify strokes, other apply recognition on single character or entire words. So handwriting recognition system is work as a communication medium between human and machines.

aaBbCcDdEe+fDg HhliJjKkLlMmNn oPpQqRr\$ Vn Wur X

Figure 1: Sample of handwritten words

II. Methodology

A systematic search for handwritten documents was proposed after 1990 with the keyword neural network. International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 - 8887)[1] Volume 114 – No. 19, March 2015 37 3.1 Analysis on the Parameter of Back Propagation Algorithm with Three Weight Adjustment Structure for Hand Written Digit Recognition:

This research (Chayaporn Kaensar, 2013) describes a method for handwriting recognition using back propagation algorithm. Back propagation algorithm is most widely used neural network because of its some

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advantage such as quick speed, classification ability and good recognition effect. So the back propagation algorithm using momentum item, role function, number of hidden node, learning rate is used to represent high recognition rate. In this paper three methods Simple Back Propagation, Back propagation with momentum terms and Back propagation using conjugate gradient descent methods are used to analysis of recognition rate. All analysis is performed on handwritten digits data set from UCI machine learning repository using different classification techniques.

Using Simple Back Propagation

In simple back propagation only one parameter learning rate are used. In this constant number of iteration is performed over data set to find out the result.

Back propagation with momentum term

This method used momentum term to add a fraction momentum. The main reason behind this method is to prevent the system from converging to a local minimum.

Back propagation using conjugate gradient descent

In this method no free parameter is used. Only numbers of hidden nodes of hidden layer are trained differently. Recognition based on Fuzzy Theory

This paper (Puttipong Mahasukhon, Hossein Mousavinezhad, Jeong-Young Song, 2012) recognize the handwritten English character using fuzzy theory. This technique has two functions feature extraction and pattern recognition. Every character contains different deviations for e.g. position, size and shape due to different writers. In thin paper recognition is tested on 26 lowercase handwritten English characters and each character is stored in binary bitmap image.



Figure 2 : Block Diagram of Pattern Recognition System using Fuzzy Theory

Pre processing

In this step the document scanning are performed. There are number of tools are present to perform this step. Feature Extraction

The recognition rate mainly depends on the feature of the character. Feature can be structural, topological and geometrical. Geometrical features like angle and distance are explored in order to achieve high recognition rate. The properties that need to determine in fuzzy theory are number of circles, number of strokes and numbers of dots. International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 – 8887) Volume 114 – No. 19, March 2015[1]

Character recognition

After feature extraction a recognition system is used to identify the corresponding character.

Here we used fuzzy theory to recognize the character. In this method a variation is deal with the membership function which is composed by x, y coordinates and length of the segment of the character. And then degree to compare segments of input to segment in database is calculated.

There four steps are present for handwritten English character. In first step is read an input data from the handwritten documents. These characters are saved in binary bitmap format. The input image resolution should be 100x100 pixels to make sure that the character is not too big and small. In second step extraction of features are present. There are six segments are present, which consist dot(D), circle(C), right incline line (RI), left-incline line (LI), up-down line(UD), left right line (LR) as feature parameters.

In third step matching the target image with the training images is performed and calculates the degree of similarity is calculated using Min-Max operation. For calculating the degree of similarity we have to fuzzify each input segment. In the last step system represent the result in a printed character.



Figure 3 : All segment of English characters

Neural Network based Handwritten Character Recognition system without feature removal:

In this paper (J.Pradeep, E.Srinivasan, S.Himavathi, 2011) a neural based offline handwriting recognition system without feature extraction is developed. IN this method each characters resized into 30x20 pixels and after that using feed forward back propagation neural network is used to train the pixels.

Image acquisition:

The recognition system accepts a scanned image as an input.

Pre-processing:

In pre-processing stage various operation are performed like on image like binarization, noise removing, and edge detection.

Segmentation:

In segmentation stage a sequence of character is segmented into sub-image of individual character. Each character is resized into 30x20 pixels.

Classification and Recognition:

This phase is the decision making phase of the recognition system. The classifier contains of two hidden layers are present. The hidden layers used log sigmoid activation function to train the data. There 26 total number of neurons in present in the output layer.

Post- processing:

Post processing is last stage of recognition system. It prints the actual output after recognition after calculating equivalent ASCII value. International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 - 8887) Volume 114 - No. 19, March 2015[1]

Neural Network System for Continues Handwritten Words Recognition

In this paper (Ernst M. Kussul, Lora M. Kasatkina, 1999) a new Method of continuous hand written word recognition is derived. This Method performs segmentation of the word onto triplets and triplets contain 3 letters. And two subsequent of triplets have 2 common letters. Such overlapping gives high recognition rate. The main problem with recognition system is performing the operation on continuous word. In this each word is subdivide into triplet and each triplet contains three letters. Figure 10a shows triplet "aba" and figure 10b shows triplet "ban". Two neighbor triplets always contain two common letters which represent the overlapping between letters. This overlapping is used to give high recognition rate. Special auto-associative neural network is used to train the data set. The training of system contains in creation of cross-correlation matrix. It connects the neural code of triplet with corresponding symbolic neural codes.

III. Conclusion

This review paper represent the different technique are available for recognize the hand written documents. This review paper also focuses on that in today's world hand writing reorganization is very difficult but very important. There are many applications where we need hand writing recognition system like bank cheque, postal addresses, and form documents. In all the techniques main stage is feature extraction. This Paper represents the comparison between all the techniques.

This algorithm can be used for recognize Hindi, Punjabi, Urdu and many more languages. We can add fuzzification with Back propagation algorithm to upgrade the efficiency and correctness of the algorithm. This algorithm can be used to recognize the word and paragraph also.

References

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