**Artificial Intelligence's Effects on Daily Life**

**By - Aditya Jadoun**

**Abstract:**

AI has managed to rapidly intertwine itself into the very fabric of daily modern life, in which human-technology interactions became revolutionary regarding decisions and performance of daily activities. This paper reviews the pervasive influence of AI technologies-particularly virtual assistants and recommendation systems-on daily activities and decision-making processes. Virtual assistants like Apple's Siri, Amazon's Alexa, and Google Assistant have become indispensable in handling our routines, enlightening us with knowledge, and automating the most mundane of our tasks. In the meantime, recommendation systems employed by Netflix, Amazon, and social networks have completely changed the way users discover content, make purchasing decisions, and communicate with online communities.

It is, therefore, in the analysis of their integration into daily life that a paper is supposed to explain and clearly show the benefits, be they in aspects of convenience, personalization, or just pure efficiency gain. Additionally, it discusses some of the challenges posed by the said technologies, including those affecting privacy, data security, and potentiation of bias. The paper further examines the ethical considerations and demand for transparency in AI systems so that in their application, the interests of the public should be taken into consideration. Finally, it considers the future trajectory of potential improvements in AI development, natural language processing, machine learning, and human-computer interaction, and those that may even further transform daily life. The paper discusses how AI shapes contemporary experiences through a comprehensive review of these aspects, considerations needed in harnessing its full potential, and reducing associated risks.

1. **Introduction:**

Artificial Intelligence, abbreviated AI, is an important technological leap in view of emulating and simulating part of human intelligence into machines. It specialises in duties that, if done by a human, would require cognitive functions like learning, reasoning, problem-solving, and perception of natural language. It is nothing short of a revolution-the integration of AI into human life has completely changed how humans relate to technology, organise life, and make decisions. The omnipresence of AI in every area of applications is just one signal of the importance it continues to hold and needs a more instructive view with regard to its impact on our lives.

**1.1 Definition and Scope of AI**

Artificial Intelligence is a vast domain encompassing several technologies and methodologies. Basically, AI deals with the development of algorithms and systems that are able to perform tasks that, if performed by humans, require natural intelligence. Examples of such tasks will include:

NLP: The technology that makes machines understand, interpret, and generate human languages-as witnessed with chatbots and language translators.

Pattern Recognition: Detection of patterns or regularities within data is basically one of the basic tasks on which many applications-from image recognition to speech recognition-depend.

Machine Learning - ML: Part of AI where algorithms are trained to get better at performing a certain task with the more exposure they get to data, hence handling predictive analytics and automated decision-making.

Robotic Process Automation-RPA: It means automating repetitive tasks through software robots, improving efficiency in business processes.

These will be the major focuses of the paper: virtual assistants and recommendation systems. Virtual assistants, such as Siri, Alexa, and Google Assistant, represent epitomes of AI in NLP and task automation. Netflix and Amazon recommendation systems mark yet another face of AI in personalizing users' experiences with a view to influencing consumer behavior. Closer scrutiny of such technologies in the study may provide lessons that could be important in ways in which AI has reshaped daily activities and decision-making processes.

**1.2 Importance of Studying AI’s Impact**

There are many reasons why an impact study about AI is so important. Benefits identification for AI technologies boasts a range of advantages in efficiency improvement and convenience, upgrading personalization. Virtual assistants can ease daily tasks, enhance accessibility, and recommendation systems to optimize user satisfaction via personalized content.

Identification of Risks: One important consideration is that the uptakes in AI could create or increase a variety of associated risks, including risks to privacy, data security, and algorithmic biases. Misuse or unintended consequences of AI can have significant consequences for individuals and society as a whole.

Ethics in Use: Ethical use of AI involves considerations around transparency, accountability, and fairness. The impact study of AI is very important for the framework and guidelines that will be helpful in the responsible and ethical use of AI technologies.

Preparation for Future Developments: AI is a field in continuous development; studies, therefore, continue to date, bringing about breakthroughs and application. Analysis of these current impacts helps us understand how best to prepare or speculate what future developments might be like and the way they might probably impact aspects of life.

To be short, the deeper the penetration of AI technologies into people's everyday lives, the more their transformational impacts become evident, and there is a growing call to balance benefits use with the limitation of risks. This paper aims at full explication of these dynamics, informing on changes taking place in the AI landscape and wider impact.

1. **Virtual Assistants**

Virtual assistants represent a significant advancement in the integration of Artificial Intelligence into everyday life. By utilising AI-driven technologies, these systems are designed to interact with users through natural language, execute tasks, and provide information in response to user commands and queries. Prominent examples of virtual assistants include Apple's Siri, Amazon's Alexa, and Google Assistant, each offering a range of functionalities that enhance user convenience and efficiency.

**2.1 Functionality and Features**

Virtual assistants are underpinned by sophisticated AI technologies, primarily natural language processing (NLP), which enables them to comprehend and respond to spoken or typed commands. Key functionalities and features of virtual assistants include:

* **Natural Language Understanding (NLU):** Virtual assistants leverage NLU to interpret user inputs, allowing them to understand context, intent, and nuances in language. This capability facilitates more natural and intuitive interactions.
* **Task Automation:** These systems can perform a variety of automated tasks, such as setting reminders, sending messages, and placing calls, significantly reducing manual effort for users.
* **Information Retrieval:** Virtual assistants can provide answers to questions, access information from the internet, and deliver real-time updates on weather, news, and other relevant topics.
* **Smart Home Integration:** They can control and manage smart home devices, such as lights, thermostats, and security systems, enabling users to manage their home environment more efficiently.
* **Personalization:** Through learning user preferences and behaviours, virtual assistants can offer personalised recommendations and responses, enhancing the user experience.

**2.2 Impact on Daily Life**

**2.2.1 Increased Convenience**

Virtual assistants have fundamentally transformed the way users manage their daily routines. Their ability to execute commands hands-free simplifies tasks such as setting up appointments, sending reminders, and managing to-do lists. Additionally, integration with smart home devices means users can control their environment with voice commands, making everyday activities more convenient.

**2.2.2 Enhanced Productivity**

By automating repetitive and routine tasks, virtual assistants free up time for users to focus on more complex and creative activities. For instance, users can delegate administrative tasks, such as scheduling meetings or sending follow-up emails, to their virtual assistant, thereby enhancing overall productivity and allowing them to allocate more time to high-priority projects.

**2.2.3 Accessibility and Inclusivity**

Virtual assistants significantly enhance accessibility for individuals with disabilities. For those who may have physical or motor impairments, voice-controlled interaction offers an alternative to traditional input methods. Similarly, individuals with visual impairments can benefit from audio-based interactions and information retrieval. This inclusivity helps bridge the gap between users and technology, providing equal access to digital resources and services.

**2.3 Challenges and Considerations**

**2.3.1 Privacy Concerns**

One of the primary challenges associated with virtual assistants is privacy. These devices continuously listen for activation commands, which raises concerns about the security of user data. There is a risk that sensitive information could be inadvertently recorded or misused, leading to privacy breaches. Ensuring robust data protection measures and transparent privacy policies is crucial for addressing these concerns.

**2.3.2 Dependence on Technology**

While virtual assistants offer numerous benefits, there is a potential downside to their widespread use: increased dependence on technology. Over-reliance on virtual assistants for routine tasks may diminish users’ cognitive engagement and problem-solving skills. As users become accustomed to delegating tasks to AI systems, there is a risk of reduced mental stimulation and a decline in critical thinking abilities. Balancing the use of virtual assistants with opportunities for active problem-solving and mental exercise is important to mitigate this risk.

In conclusion, virtual assistants exemplify the transformative impact of AI on daily life, offering enhanced convenience, productivity, and accessibility. However, it is essential to address the associated challenges, particularly concerning privacy and cognitive reliance, to ensure that these technologies are used responsibly and effectively.

**3. Recommendation Systems**

Recommendation systems are integral to many digital platforms, leveraging advanced algorithms to suggest products, services, or content tailored to individual user preferences and behaviours. They play a pivotal role in enhancing user experience and engagement across various domains, including online shopping, streaming services, and social media.

**3.1 Functionality and Algorithms**

Recommendation systems utilise a range of machine learning algorithms to analyse user data and predict preferences. The primary techniques employed include:

* **Collaborative Filtering:** This method makes recommendations based on the preferences and behaviours of similar users. There are two main types:
  + **User-based Collaborative Filtering:** Recommends items that users with similar tastes have liked.
  + **Item-based Collaborative Filtering:** Suggests items similar to those that the user has liked in the past.
* **Content-Based Filtering:** This approach recommends items similar to those the user has previously interacted with, based on the content’s attributes. For instance, if a user frequently watches action movies, the system will suggest other action movies by analysing their genres, actors, and themes.
* **Hybrid Approaches:** These combine multiple recommendation strategies to improve accuracy and overcome the limitations of individual methods. For example, a hybrid system might integrate collaborative and content-based filtering to provide more robust recommendations.
* **Deep Learning Models:** More advanced systems use neural networks to understand complex patterns in user behaviour and preferences, allowing for highly personalised recommendations.

**3.2 Impact on Daily Life**

**3.2.1 Personalised Experiences**

Recommendation systems significantly enhance user experiences by providing highly personalised content and product suggestions. By analysing user data, such as browsing history, purchase patterns, and interactions, these systems tailor recommendations to fit individual preferences. This personalization helps users discover new products, services, or content that aligns closely with their interests, making digital interactions more relevant and engaging.

**3.2.2 Influence on Consumer Behavior**

Personalised recommendations can have a profound impact on consumer behaviour. For example:

* **E-commerce:** By suggesting products based on past purchases or browsing history, recommendation systems can drive additional sales and influence buying decisions.
* **Streaming Services:** Platforms like Netflix and Spotify use recommendation systems to suggest movies, shows, and music, thereby shaping viewing and listening habits.
* **Social Media:** Algorithms suggest posts, friends, and groups, affecting user engagement and content consumption patterns.

These systems can also enhance user satisfaction and loyalty by providing a more tailored experience, leading to increased engagement and higher retention rates.

**3.2.3 Efficiency in Information Retrieval**

Recommendation systems streamline the process of finding relevant products or content. Instead of manually searching through vast amounts of data, users receive curated suggestions that match their preferences, saving time and reducing the effort required to locate desired items. This efficiency not only improves the user experience but also helps users make quicker and more informed decisions.

**3.3 Challenges and Considerations**

**3.3.1 Filter Bubbles and Echo Chambers**

One of the key challenges associated with recommendation systems is the creation of filter bubbles and echo chambers. Personalised recommendations can lead users to interact primarily with content that reinforces their existing views and preferences. This phenomenon can limit exposure to diverse perspectives and reduce the range of information encountered. The risk is that users become isolated within their own preference-driven bubbles, potentially narrowing their worldview and inhibiting critical thinking.

**3.3.2 Data Privacy Issues**

The effectiveness of recommendation systems relies heavily on the collection and analysis of user data. This raises significant privacy concerns, including:

* **Data Collection:** Users’ personal data, browsing history, and interaction patterns are continuously monitored and analysed, raising concerns about the extent of data collection.
* **Data Security:** Protecting sensitive information from unauthorised access and breaches is critical to maintaining user trust.
* **Misuse of Data:** There is potential for data misuse, such as targeted advertising that may exploit personal information for commercial gain.

Ensuring transparent data practices, obtaining informed user consent, and implementing robust data protection measures are essential to addressing these privacy concerns.

In conclusion, recommendation systems have become a cornerstone of digital interaction, offering personalised experiences, influencing consumer behaviour, and enhancing information retrieval. However, addressing the challenges related to filter bubbles and data privacy is crucial to ensuring that these systems are used responsibly and ethically.

**4. Case Studies**

To better understand the practical applications and impacts of AI technologies, it is helpful to examine specific case studies that illustrate their transformative effects. This section explores two key areas where AI has made a significant impact: smart homes and e-commerce.

**4.1 AI in Smart Homes**

The concept of smart homes involves integrating AI technologies with home automation systems to enhance convenience, efficiency, and security. AI-driven devices and virtual assistants play a central role in this transformation.

**4.1.1 Home Automation and Control**

AI technologies have revolutionised home automation by enabling seamless control of various household devices. Smart home ecosystems, often centred around virtual assistants like Amazon Alexa, Google Assistant, or Apple Siri, provide users with voice-controlled management of their home environment. Examples include:

* **Lighting and Climate Control:** AI-driven smart thermostats (e.g., Nest) and lighting systems (e.g., Philips Hue) learn user preferences and adjust settings accordingly. For instance, a smart thermostat can optimise heating and cooling schedules based on historical usage patterns, leading to energy savings and increased comfort.
* **Security and Surveillance:** Smart security systems, such as Ring and Arlo, utilise AI for real-time monitoring, facial recognition, and motion detection. These systems can alert homeowners to potential security breaches and provide remote access to live video feeds, enhancing overall home security.
* **Voice-Activated Assistants:** Virtual assistants integrate with various smart devices to provide voice control over functions like locking doors, managing appliances, and playing media. This integration simplifies daily tasks and improves accessibility for users with disabilities or mobility issues.

**4.1.2 Impact on Daily Life**

The integration of AI in smart homes offers several benefits:

* **Enhanced Convenience:** Users can control their home environment using voice commands or smartphone apps, reducing the need for manual intervention.
* **Energy Efficiency:** AI-driven systems optimise energy usage, leading to cost savings and environmental benefits.
* **Improved Security:** Advanced surveillance and alert systems enhance home security, providing peace of mind and timely responses to potential threats.

However, there are challenges to consider:

* **Privacy Concerns:** The extensive data collection required for smart home devices raises concerns about data security and user privacy.
* **Interoperability Issues:** Compatibility between different smart home devices and ecosystems can be a challenge, requiring users to navigate various platforms and standards.

**4.2 AI in E-Commerce**

Recommendation systems have become a cornerstone of the e-commerce industry, profoundly influencing online shopping experiences and consumer behaviour.

**4.2.1 Personalised Shopping Experiences**

AI-driven recommendation systems are used by major e-commerce platforms like Amazon, eBay, and Alibaba to provide personalised shopping experiences. These systems analyse user behaviour, purchase history, and browsing patterns to deliver tailored product suggestions. Examples include:

* **Product Recommendations:** E-commerce platforms use collaborative filtering and content-based algorithms to suggest products that align with users’ preferences. For instance, if a user frequently purchases electronics, the system might recommend related gadgets or accessories.
* **Dynamic Pricing:** AI can adjust prices based on demand, competition, and user behaviour. This dynamic pricing strategy helps retailers optimise revenue and offer personalised discounts.
* **Search Optimization:** AI enhances search functionalities by understanding user intent and providing relevant search results. Natural language processing enables users to perform searches using conversational queries.

**4.2.2 Influence on Consumer Behavior**

The impact of recommendation systems on consumer behaviour includes:

* **Increased Sales:** Personalised recommendations often lead to higher conversion rates and increased average order values as users are more likely to purchase suggested items.
* **Enhanced Customer Satisfaction:** By providing relevant product suggestions, recommendation systems improve the overall shopping experience and increase customer satisfaction.
* **Consumer Engagement:** Engaging users with personalised content helps build brand loyalty and encourages repeat business.

**4.2.3 Challenges and Considerations**

Several challenges arise with the use of recommendation systems in e-commerce:

* **Algorithmic Bias:** Recommendations are based on historical data, which can perpetuate existing biases and limit exposure to diverse products or perspectives.
* **Data Privacy:** The collection and analysis of personal data for recommendations raise privacy concerns, necessitating robust data protection practices and transparency.
* **Over-Reliance on Recommendations:** Excessive reliance on recommendation systems may lead to a homogenization of user experiences, potentially reducing the discovery of novel or unconventional products.

In conclusion, the case studies of AI in smart homes and e-commerce highlight the transformative effects of AI technologies. In smart homes, AI enhances convenience, security, and efficiency, while in e-commerce, recommendation systems personalise shopping experiences and influence consumer behaviour. Both areas present opportunities for innovation as well as challenges that require careful consideration to ensure ethical and effective use of AI.

**5. Future Trends and Developments**

The field of Artificial Intelligence (AI) is rapidly evolving, with continuous advancements poised to further transform how we interact with technology and shape various aspects of our daily lives. This section explores anticipated advancements in AI technology and discusses the ethical and societal implications of these developments.

**5.1 Advances in AI Technology**

**5.1.1 Improved Natural Language Processing (NLP)**

Future advancements in NLP are expected to significantly enhance the capabilities of AI in understanding and generating human language. Key developments may include:

* **Contextual Understanding:** Enhanced models will better grasp context and nuances in language, allowing for more natural and accurate interactions. For example, improvements in understanding ambiguous phrases and context-specific meanings will lead to more effective virtual assistants and chatbots.
* **Multilingual Capabilities:** AI systems will increasingly support seamless translation and multilingual interactions, breaking down language barriers and facilitating global communication.
* **Emotion and Sentiment Analysis:** Advanced NLP will enable AI to understand and respond to emotional cues and sentiments in user interactions, providing more empathetic and personalised responses.

**5.1.2 More Sophisticated Recommendation Algorithms**

The next generation of recommendation systems will leverage advanced algorithms to offer even more precise and relevant suggestions:

* **Deep Learning Models:** AI will use deep learning techniques to analyse complex patterns and relationships in user data, leading to more accurate and nuanced recommendations.
* **Context-Aware Recommendations:** Future systems will consider contextual factors such as current mood, location, and real-time behaviour to deliver more dynamic and contextually relevant suggestions.
* **Cross-Platform Integration:** Enhanced algorithms will integrate data across various platforms and services, providing a cohesive and comprehensive recommendation experience that spans different aspects of users' lives.

**5.1.3 Greater Integration into Everyday Life**

AI is expected to become even more embedded in daily activities and environments:

* **Ubiquitous Smart Devices:** AI-powered devices will increasingly be integrated into everyday objects, from smart appliances to wearable technology, creating a seamlessly connected environment.
* **Advanced Home Automation:** Future smart home systems will offer more intuitive control and automation, incorporating AI to predict and adapt to user needs and preferences proactively.
* **Personalized Health and Well-being:** AI will play a significant role in personalised health management, from fitness trackers offering real-time health insights to AI-driven diagnostics and personalised treatment plans.

**5.2 Ethical and Societal Implications**

As AI technology advances, it is essential to address the ethical and societal implications that arise from these developments.

**5.2.1 Privacy and Data Security**

The extensive data collection required for advanced AI systems raises significant privacy and security concerns:

* **Data Protection:** Ensuring robust measures for safeguarding personal data and preventing unauthorised access is crucial. Future AI systems must implement stringent security protocols and provide transparency regarding data usage.
* **Informed Consent:** Users should be fully informed about data collection practices and have control over how their data is used. Clear consent mechanisms and privacy policies will be essential in maintaining user trust.

**5.2.2 Job Displacement and Economic Impact**

The automation of tasks through AI technologies may lead to job displacement and economic shifts:

* **Job Automation:** As AI systems become more capable, they may replace certain roles traditionally performed by humans, particularly in repetitive or data-driven tasks. This shift could impact various industries, requiring workforce adaptation and reskilling.
* **Economic Disparities:** The benefits of AI advancements may not be evenly distributed, potentially widening economic disparities. Ensuring equitable access to AI technologies and addressing potential job market imbalances will be important for fostering inclusive growth.

**5.2.3 The Digital Divide**

The digital divide refers to the gap between those with access to digital technologies and those without:

* **Access to AI Technology:** As AI becomes more integral to everyday life, disparities in access to technology could exacerbate existing inequalities. Efforts to improve digital literacy and provide access to AI tools and resources are necessary to bridge this divide.
* **Ethical AI Development:** Ensuring that AI technologies are developed and deployed in ways that consider diverse needs and perspectives can help mitigate the risk of reinforcing existing social inequalities.

**5.2.4 Ethical AI Design and Governance**

The ethical design and governance of AI systems are critical for addressing potential biases and ensuring fair outcomes:

* **Bias and Fairness:** AI systems must be designed to minimise biases and ensure fairness in their decisions and recommendations. This includes developing algorithms that are transparent, accountable, and inclusive.
* **Ethical Frameworks:** Establishing ethical guidelines and governance frameworks for AI development and deployment will be essential in addressing moral and societal challenges and ensuring that AI technologies serve the public good.

In conclusion, the future of AI holds exciting possibilities with advancements in natural language processing, recommendation algorithms, and everyday integration. However, addressing the ethical and societal implications of these developments is crucial for ensuring that AI technologies are used responsibly and equitably. By proactively considering privacy, job displacement, the digital divide, and ethical design, we can harness the potential of AI to benefit society as a whole while mitigating associated risks.

**6. Conclusion**

Artificial Intelligence (AI) has become a fundamental component of contemporary life, profoundly influencing how we interact with technology and manage our daily activities. As AI technologies, such as virtual assistants and recommendation systems, become increasingly embedded in various aspects of life, they offer remarkable benefits, including enhanced convenience, personalised experiences, and improved efficiency. However, this widespread integration also brings to light several challenges and concerns that must be carefully addressed.

**6.1 Benefits of AI Integration**

The integration of AI into daily life has led to numerous advancements that significantly enhance user experiences:

* **Enhanced Convenience:** Virtual assistants streamline routine tasks, allowing users to manage their schedules, control smart home devices, and access information with ease. This automation not only saves time but also simplifies complex interactions, making technology more accessible.
* **Personalised Experiences:** Recommendation systems tailor content and product suggestions to individual preferences, enhancing user satisfaction and engagement. By analysing user behaviour and preferences, these systems offer relevant recommendations that improve the overall experience, whether in e-commerce, streaming services, or social media.
* **Increased Efficiency:** AI-driven systems improve productivity by automating repetitive tasks and optimising processes. This efficiency allows users to focus on more complex and meaningful activities, thereby enhancing overall performance and satisfaction.

**6.2 Challenges and Concerns**

Despite the advantages, the integration of AI presents several challenges that need to be addressed:

* **Privacy Concerns:** AI technologies often rely on extensive data collection, raising significant privacy issues. The continuous monitoring and analysis of personal information can lead to concerns about data security and potential misuse. Ensuring robust data protection measures and transparency is crucial to safeguarding user privacy.
* **Dependence on Technology:** The convenience offered by AI can lead to increased dependence on technology, potentially diminishing cognitive engagement and problem-solving skills. Users may become overly reliant on AI systems, which could affect their ability to perform tasks independently and critically evaluate information.
* **Ethical Considerations:** The ethical implications of AI development and deployment are profound. Issues such as algorithmic bias, fairness, and the potential for exacerbating existing social inequalities require careful consideration. Establishing ethical frameworks and governance mechanisms is essential to ensure that AI technologies are developed and used responsibly.

**6.3 Future Directions**

As AI technology continues to evolve, future developments hold the promise of even greater advancements and challenges:

* **Advancements in AI Capabilities:** Future improvements in natural language processing, recommendation algorithms, and smart home integration will enhance the effectiveness and scope of AI applications. These advancements have the potential to further revolutionise user experiences and expand the capabilities of AI systems.
* **Addressing Ethical and Societal Implications:** Proactively addressing ethical concerns, privacy issues, and the digital divide will be critical in ensuring that the benefits of AI are equitably distributed and that potential risks are mitigated. This includes developing policies and frameworks that promote transparency, fairness, and inclusivity.

In summary, AI has transformed various aspects of daily life, providing significant benefits in terms of convenience, personalization, and efficiency. However, it also introduces challenges related to privacy, dependence, and ethical considerations. Understanding these impacts is essential for effectively leveraging AI technology while addressing its associated challenges. By balancing the advantages with careful consideration of potential risks, we can harness the full potential of AI to enhance our lives and create a more equitable and responsible technological future.

**Citations**

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